人社院學士班 111 學年度下學期課程大綱

科號	HSS 330100	組別		學分	3	人數限制	30
科目中文名稱	世界語言通論			教室	人社	_	
科目英文名稱	Languages of the	e World					
任課教師	廖秀娟 (Dr. H	siu-chu	an Liao)				
上課時間	Thursday (四) 3:	30-6:20)PM				
週數	16 週						
擋修科目	無(No prerequ	uisite)		擋修	分數		
授課語言	英語授課 (offer	red in F	English)				
通識課程	Elective GE course: Humanities (人文學領域選修通識)						

一、課程說明

This course aims to provide students with some basic and some not-so-basic facts about languages of the world. We will be looking at the diversity of languages across space (and time), their fundamental similarities, and other puzzles. By the end of the class, students are expected to know not only the membership and geographical distribution of each language family covered in this course, but also some salient linguistic features of each language family.

***No prerequisite is required for this class. However, an interest in language, language structure, and/or language relationships is desirable. Moreover, being able to speak/use a language other than English and Mandarin Chinese/Standard Chinese will be advantageous because students are expected to provide data from a language other than English and Mandarin Chinese.

[Note: Southern Min/Taiwanese, Hakka/Kejia, etc. are considered distinct languages (NOT dialects of Mandarin/Standard Chinese).]

***If you would like to add the class (after the class has reached its maximal capacity), please e-mail me before the first class meeting. Moreover, you are expected to attend the first class meeting and submit the first assignment by the deadline to be announced in the class meeting.

***This course will be lectured in English.

***Chinese translation for technical terms will be provided. Students can ask questions in either English or Mandarin Chinese.

***POLICY ON AUDITING (depending on the availability of seats)

The auditing option is available ONLY to **graduate students** from the Institute of Linguistics at Tsing Hua. If you would like to audit my class, please make sure that you **e-mail me to get my approval BEFORE the first class meeting**.

二、指定用書

articles from Encyclopaedia Britannica:

- **Encyclopaedia Britannica. https://www.britannica.com/
- ◆ Japanese (by Masayoshi Shibatani)
- ♦ Korean (by Samuel Martin)
- ◆ Manchu-Tungusic (by Robert I. Binnick)
- Mongolian languages (by Robert I. Binnick)
- Turkic languages (by Lars Johanson)
- ◆ Indo-European languages (by Jay H. Jasanoff and Warren Cowgill)
- ◆ Indo-Aryan languages (by George Cardona)
- ◆ Indo-Iranian languages (by George Cardona)
- Sino-Tibetan languages (by Søren Christian Egerod)
- ◆ Southeast Asia (by Thomas R. Leinbach and William H. Frederick)
- ◆ Tibeto-Burman languages (by James A. Matisoff)
- ◆ Tai languages (by Fang Kuei Li and David B. Solnit)
- Hmong-Mien languages (by Martha Ratliff)
- ◆ Austroasiatic languages (by Gérard Diffloth)
- ◆ Austronesian languages (by Robert A. Blust)
- ◆ Australian aboriginal languages (by Jeffrey G. Heath)
- Afro-Asiatic languages (by H. Ekkenhard Wolff)
- ◆ Khoisan languages (by Anthony Traill and Oswin R. A. Köhler)
- Niger-Congo languages (by John T. Bendor-Samuel)
- Nilo-Saharan languages (by Morris F. Goodman and Gerrit J. Dimmendaal)
- Mesoamerican Indian languages (by Lyle Campbell)
- ◆ North American Indian languages (by Lyle Campbell and William O. Bright)
- South American Indian languages (by Jorge A. Suárez)

Selected chapters from the following books:

Campbell, Lyle. 2020. *Historical linguistics: An introduction*, 4th edition. Cambridge: The MIT Press. [*Chapter 9: Linguistics Classification and Models of Linguistic Change (Sec. 9.1-9.3)]

Goddard, Cliff. 2005. The languages of East and Southeast Asia. Oxford: Oxford University Press. [PL493.G63 2005]

O'Grady, William, and John Archibald, eds. 2020. *Contemporary linguistic analysis: An introduction* (9th edition). Persons Canada. [Chapters 1-5; Chapter 7]

三、參考書籍

Adelaar, Alexander, and Nikolaus P. Himmelmann, eds. 2005. The Austronesian languages of Asia and Madagascar. London and New York: Routledge. [PL5026.A87 2005]

Blake, Barry J. 1987. *Australian aboriginal grammar*. London and Wolfeboro, N.H.: Croom Helm. [PL7003.B54 1987]

Blake, Barry J. 2001. *Case* (2nd edition). Cambridge Textbooks in Linguistics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [P240.6.B57 2001]

Blust, Robert A. 2013. *The Austronesian Languages* (revised edition). A-PL 008. Canberra: Pacific Linguistics. (Chapter 4 [Sound systems] (pp. 169-276); *Chapter 8 [Reconstruction] (pp. 512-599); Chapter 9 [Sound change] (pp. 600-686). Accessible at http://pacling.anu.edu.au/materials/Blust2013Austronesian.pdf

Bright, William. 1990. *Language variation in South Asia*. New York: Oxford University Press. [PL4603.B7 1990]

Bright, William, ed. 2003. International encyclopedia of linguistics. New York: Oxford University Press. [R P29.I58 2003 v.1]

Brown, Keith. 2006. Encyclopedia of language and linguistics, 2nd edition. Oxford: Elsevier. [R P29.E48 2006 v.1]

Brown, Keith, and Sarah Ogilvie. 2009. *Concise* encyclopedia of languages of the world. Oxford: Elsevier. [R P29.C58 2009]

Brown, Penelope, and Stephen C. Levinson. 1987.

*Politeness: Some universals in language use. Studies in Interactional Sociolinguistics 4. Cambridge and New York: Cambridge University Press.

Campbell, Lyle. 1988. Review of "Language in the Americas", Joseph H. Greenberg. *Language* 64(3):591-615.

Campbell, Lyle. 1997. *American Indian languages: The historical linguistics of Native America*. New York: Oxford University Press. [PM108.C36 1997]

Campbell, Lyle, and Marianne Mithun, eds. 1979. *The* languages of native America: Historical and comparative

- assessment. Austin: University of Texas Press. [PM108 L269]
- Childs, George Tucker. 2003. *An introduction to African languages*. Amsterdam: John Benjamins Publishing Co. [OD PL8005.C45 2003]
- Comrie, Bernard. 1981. *The languages of the Soviet Union*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [P381.R8 C739]
- Comrie, Bernard. 1989. *Linguistics universals and linguistic typology*, 2nd edition. Oxford: Blackwell. [P204.C6 1989]
- Comrie, Bernard, Stephen Matthews, and Maria Polinsky. 2003. *The atlas of languages*, revised edition. London: Quarto Inc. [P106.L67 2003]
- Corbett, Greville G. 2006. *Agreement*. Cambridge Textbooks in Linguistics. Cambridge and New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Cysouw, Michael. 2003. *The paradigmatic structure of person marking*. Oxford Studies in Typology and Linguistic Theory. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Dixon, R.M.W. 2002. Australian languages: Their nature and development. New York: Cambridge University Press. [PL7001.D48 2002]
- Dixon, R.M.W. 2004. The Jarawala languages of Southern Amazonia. Oxford: Oxford University Press. [PM6258.D59 2004]
- Dixon, R.M.W., and Barry J. Blake. 1981. *Handbook of Australian languages*. Amsterdam: John Benjamins. [PL7001.A3 v.1]
- Finegan, Edward, and John R. Rickford, eds. 2004. *Language* in the USA: Themes for the Twenty-first Century.

 Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [P377.L33 2004]
- Fortson, Benjamin W. 2010. *Indo-European language and culture: An introduction*, 2nd edition. Chichester, U.K. and Malden, MA: Wiley-Blackwell. [P561.F67 2010]
- Greenberg, Joseph H. 1966. *The languages of Africa*. Bloomington: Indiana University Press.
- Greenberg, Joseph H. 2000. *Indo-European and its closest relatives: The Eurasiatic language family*. Stanford: Stanford University Press. [P569.G74 2000 v.1]
- Harris, Martin, and Nigel Vincent, eds. 1988. *The Romance languages*. London: Croom Helm. [PC43 R63 1988]
- Heine, Bernd, and Derek Nurse. 2000. *African languages: An introduction*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [PL8005.A24 2000]
- Hetzron, Robert. 2009. Afroasiatic languages. In *The world's major languages* (2nd edition), ed. by Bernard Comrie, 545-550. London: Routledge.
- Katzner, Kenneth. 2002. *Languages of the world*. London: Routledge. [P371.K38 2002]
- Kaye, Alan S. 2007. *The morphologies of Asia and Africa*. Winona Lake, Ind.: Eisenbrauns.
- Kaye, Alan S., and Mauro Tosco. 2001. *Pidgin and creole languages: A basic introduction*. Munchen: LINCOM

- Europa. [PM7802.K39 2001]
- Lyovin, Anatole V., Brett Kessler, and William Leben. 2016. *An introduction to the languages of the world*, 2nd edition.
 Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- McMahon, April M. S. 1994. *Understanding language change*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [Ch.10]
- Matisoff, James A. 1990. Discussion note: On megalocomparison. *Language* 66(1):106-120.
- Mithun, Marianne. 1999. *The languages of native North America*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [PM108.L35 1999]
- Nichols, Patricia. 2004. Creole languages: Forging new identities. In *Language in the USA: Themes for the Twenty-first Century*, ed. by Edward Finegan and John R. Richford, 133-152. New York and Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Norman, Jerry. 1988. *Chinese*. New York: Cambridge University Press. [PL1075 N784 1988]
- Payne, Thomas E. 1997. Describing morphosyntax: A guide for field linguists. New York: Cambridge University Press. [P241.P39 1997]
- Payne, Thomas E. 2006. Exploring language structure: A student's guide. Cambridge and New York: Cambridge University Press.Pereltsvaig, Asya. 2012. Languages of the world: An introduction. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [P53.P4443 2012]
- Pulleyblank, Douglas. 2009. Niger-Kordofanian (Niger-Congo) languages. In *The world's major languages* (2nd edition), ed. by Bernard Comrie, 857-865. London: Routledge.
- Ramsey, S. Robert. 1987. *The languages of China*. Princeton: Princeton University Press. [PL1071 R149 1987]
- Rounds, Carol. 2008. *Hungarian: An essential grammar*. New York: Routledge. [PH2105.R68 2008]
- Ruhlen, Merritt. 1987. *A guide to the world's languages, vol.* 1: Classification. Stanford: Stanford University Press. [P203 R854 1987 v.1]
- Sebeok, Thomas. 1963-76. Current Trends in Linguistics.
 - The Hague: Mouton. [P25 C936 v.1]
 - Vol.1 Soviet and East European linguistics.
 - Vol.2 Linguistics in East Asia and South East Asia.
 - Vol.3 Theoretical foundations.
 - Vol.4 Ibero-American and Caribbean linguistics.
 - Vol.5 Linguistics in South Asia.
 - Vol.6 Linguistics in South West Asia and North Africa.
 - Vol.7 Linguistics in Sub-Saharan Africa.
 - Vol.8 Linguistics in Oceania.
 - Vol.9 Linguistics in Western Europe.
 - Vol.10 Linguistics in North America.
 - Vol.11 Diachronic, areal, and typological linguistics.
 - Vol.12 Linguistics and adjacent arts and sciences.

- Vol.13 Historiography of linguistics. Vol.14 Index.
- Shibatani, Masayoshi. 1990. *The languages of Japan*. New York: Cambridge University Press. [PL523.S348 1990]
- Shopen, Timothy, ed. 1979a. *Languages and their speakers*. Cambridge: Winthrop Publishers. [P106 Sh77]
- Shopen, Timothy, ed. 1979b. *Languages and their status*. Cambridge: Winthrop Publishers. [P106 Sh77 Lt]
- Shopen, Timothy, ed. 1987. *Language and their status*. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press. [P106.L319]
- Suárez, Jorge A. 1983. *The Mesoamerican Indian languages*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [PM3001 Su12]
- Sun, Chaofen. 2006. *Chinese: A linguistic introduction*. Cambridge and New York: Cambridge University Press. [PL1071.S78 2006]
- Thomason, Sarah G. 2001. Language contact: An introduction. Washington, D.C.: Georgetown University Press. [Ch.7]
- Thomason, Sarah Grey, and Terrence Kaufman. 1988.

 Language contact, creolization, and genetic linguistics.
 Berkeley: University of California Press.
- Thurgood, Graham, and Randy J. LaPolla, eds. 2003. *The Sino-Tibetan languages*. London and New York: Routledge. [PL3521.S56 2003]
- van der Auwere, John, and Ekkehard König, eds. 1994. *The Germanic languages*. London and New York: Routledge.
 [PD73.G38 1994]
- van Driem, George. 2001. Languages of the Himalayas: An ethnolinguistic handbook of the greater Himalayan region. Leiden and New York: Brill. [PK1509.D75 2001 v.1]
- Voegelin, C.F., and F. M. Voegelin. 1977. *Classification and index of the world's languages*. New York: Elsevier.
- Vovin, Alexander. 2010. *Koreo-Japonica: A re-evaluation of a common genetic origin*. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press. [PL912.V59 2010]
- Wald, Benji. 2009. Swahili and the Bantu languages. In *The world's major languages* (2nd edition), ed. by Bernard Comrie, 883-902. London: Routledge.
- Whaley, Lindsay J. 1997. *Introduction to typology: The unity and diversity of language*. Thousand Oaks: Sage Publications, Inc. [P204.W48 1997]
- Wright, Robert. 1991. Quest for the mother tongue. *The Atlantic Monthly*, April 1991:39-68.
- Yamamoto, Akira Y., and Ofelia Zepeda. 2004. In *Language* in the USA: Themes for the Twenty-first Century, ed. by Edward Finegan and John R. Richford, 153-181. New York and Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Yip, Moira. 2002. *Tone*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. [P223.Y56 2002]
- Web resources: [*: more reliable source]

- *Dryer, Matthew S., and Martin Haspelmath, eds. 2013. *The World Atlas of Language Structures Online*. Leipzig: Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology. Available online at http://wals.info./
- *Hammarström, Harald, Robert Forkel, Martin Haspelmath, and Sebastian Bank, eds. 2022. *Glottolog 4.6: Catalogue of Languages and Families*. Leipzig: Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.5772642 (Available online at http://glottolog.org, Accessed on 2022-10-1.)
- [Glottolog provides comprehensive reference information for the world's languages, especially the lesser known languages.]
- *Haspelmath, Martin, and Uri Tadmor, eds. 2009. World

 Loanword Database (WOLD). Available online at http://wold.clld.org/.

 [It provides vocabularies (mini-dictionaries of about 1000-2000 entries) of 41 languages from around the world, with comprehensive information about the loanword status of each word. It allows users to find loanwords, source words and donor languages in each of the 41 languages, but also makes it easy to compare loanwords across languages.]
- *SSWL (Syntactic Structures of the World's Languages) (http://sswl.railsplayground.net/)

[SSWL is a searchable database that allows users to discover which properties (morphological, syntactic, and semantic) characterize a language, as well as how these properties relate across languages. As of September 27, 2017, the SSWL database has permanently migrated to its new home at Terralingua.]

Terraling: Explore the World's Languages. 2013. (http://www.terraling.com/)
[Terraling is a collection of searchable linguistic databases that allows users to discover which properties (morphological, syntactic, and semantic) characterize a language, as well as how these properties relate across languages. This system is designed to be free to the public and open-ended. Anyone can use the database to perform queries.]

- *Interactive IPA Chart. Available online at https://www.ipachart.com/.
- Ager, Simon. Omniglot: The online encyclopedia of writing systems and languages. http://www.omniglot.com/
- *Ladefoged, Peter. A course in phonetics, 5th edition [Chapter 1].

 http://www.phonetics.ucla.edu/course/chapter1/chapter1.html (A useful site for hearing how each IPA symbol is

	pronou	ınced.)		
	*Linguistic Society of America (LSA). http://www.linguisticsociety.org/			
四、教學方式	This course covers major language families of the world through a series of readings, lectures, discussions, and 'hands-on' experience with linguistic analysis. Students are expected to participate in class discussions. The instructor will invite a number of native speakers and/or advanced learners of "exotic" languages to give a guest lecture on basic linguistic facts and salient linguistic features of their native language or of a language that they studied before (or are currently studying). [Guest speakers of the class are mainly (current/former) graduate students studying at the Institute of Linguistics.] Students are encouraged to actively interact with guests of the class.			
五、教學進度	Week 1	02/16/2023	Orientation: Languages of the World (<i>Washington Post</i> 2015); [https://www.washingtonpost.com/news/worldviews/wp/2015/04/23/the-worlds-languages-in-7-maps-and-charts/]; [Assignment 1: Domain of Linguistics/ Why Major in Linguistics (LSA website) (http://www.linguisticsociety.org/)]	
	Week 2	02/23/2023	Language: A preview (O'Grady and Archibald 2020—Ch.1) Classification of Languages-I: Genetic Classification (Campbell 2020, Sec.9.1-Sec.9.3)pidgins and creolesdialect vs. languagelanguage families vs. isolates	
			distant genetic relationships and macrofamilies [Assignment 2: Exercises # 3 (Ch. 1p.12)]	
	Week 3	03/02/2023	Some basic linguistic concepts— I: Phonetics (O'Grady and Archibald 2020—Ch.2); Phonology—I (O'Grady and Archibald 2020—Ch.3) [Assignment 3: Exercises #5, 6, and 9 (Ch. 2—p.53, p.54)]	

1		
Week 4	03/09/2023	Some basic linguistic concepts—II: Phonology—II (O'Grady and Archibald 2020—Ch.3) [Assignment 4: Exercises #7 (Ch.3—p.95)]
Week 5	03/16/2023	Some basic linguistic concepts— III: Morphology (O'Grady and Archibald 2020—Ch.4)
Week 6	03/23/2023	Some basic linguistic concepts—IV: Syntax (O'Grady and Archibald 2020—Ch.5)
Week 7	03/30/2023	Languages of Africa [guest lecture: Swahili and Bena (by Grace Jenipher MAYEMBA (梅瑞思))] Languages of the Americas Languages of Australia (Pama-Nyungan vs. non-Pama-Nyungan)
Week 8	04/06/2023	Austronesian (1): Introduction to the Austronesian family
Week 9	04/13/2023	Austronesian (2) [guest lecture: Seediq (by Walis Hian-chi SONG (宋 硯之))]
Week 10	04/20/2023	Austro-Asiatic [guest lecture: Vietnamese (by Thanh Viet CAO (高 成越))]
Week 11	04/27/2023	Indo-European [guest lecture: German (by Ching-wen YANG (楊 晴雯))]
Week 12	05/04/2023	Sino-Tibetan: Sinitic [guest lecture: Southwest Mandarin (by Molly HUANG (黃 婧))]
Week 13	05/11/2023	So-called 'Altaic languages' (1) [guest lecture: Korean (by Yosub SHIN (申 堯燮))]
Week 14	05/18/2023	No Class: Conferences: SEALS

			10	
			2023 (Chiang Mai, Thailand) [***a complete draft of your group presentation PPT due (12:00noon)	
	Week 15	05/25/2023	So-called 'Altaic languages' (2) [guest lecture: Japanese (by Kye SHIBATA (柴田 海))]	
	*Week 16	06/01/2023	term project presentation	
	*Week 18	06/13/2023	term project (revised version) due (3:30PM)	
六、成績考核	The course grade is based entirely on how well the follow requirements are fulfilled. (a) participation (30%) [interacting with the instructor and/orguest speakers in class]			
	(b) homework assignments and/or in-class practice exercises (40%)			
	(c) group project: individual presentation [Week 16] (30%)			
		-	nment will be accepted ONLY in	
	[Note: Yassignmon of your has Monday]	NTED cases of it ou are expected ent on time (i.e. you no mework assign). Please send you ibata (柴田海)!	•	
	assignm "F" (i.e.	ents <u><i>on time</i></u> wil	ractice exercises and homework Il result in either a "low pass" or an indergraduate students) in students'	
	Please m Wikipedi Using in	nake sure that yo a for either your formation from	e source for linguistic information. u do NOT copy information from assignments or group project. Wikipedia might create a crisis for ase be aware of it.	
	***Plag ideas wi will resu students students assignm Submiss	iarism (i.e. the uthout giving prout in an "F" (i.e. s) in students' cost answers to prout also be sion of identical	highly valued by the instructor. use of other people's words and/or oper citation or acknowledgement) e. below 60 for undergraduate ourse grade. Copying of other actice exercises and/or homework e considered plagiarism. assignments/papers after cudents will also be considered	
		sm. Please be		

	 If you need to take a leave from a particular class meeting, you are expected to inform the TA and/or the instructor directly (by e-mail, phone call, and/or text message). Students are responsible for material and information covered in classes that they miss.
七、講義位址	
http://	